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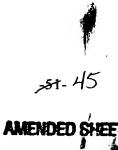
## Claims:

- 1. A method of treating cancer comprising administering to a cancer patient in need thereof an effective amount of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-unsaturated fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula R<sub>0</sub>COOH, wherein R<sub>0</sub> represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso unsaturated fatty group.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the portion of  $R_0$  other than the terminally-methyl branched iso- or anteiso- moiety is linear or branched.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl branched iso- and anteisounsaturated fatty acids have the following formula (I):

$$CH_3$$
 $CH-(CH_2)_m$ 
 $COOH$ 
 $CH_3-(CH_2)_m$ 
 $(I)$ 

where m is 0 or 1, and n is an integer between 7 and 16 inclusive, and at least one  $CH_2$ - $CH_2$  group in  $(CH_2)_n$  is replaced with a CH=CH group.

- 4. The method of Claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteisounsaturated fatty acid, salt or derivative thereof, is obtained by isolation from fermentation or incubation products using a bacteria strain containing said branched-chain fatty acid.
- 5. The method of Claim 4, wherein the bacteria strain is from a genus selected from the group consisting of Stenotrophomonas, Xanthomonas, Flavobacterium, Capnocytophaga, Altermonas, Cytophage, Bacillus, Chryseobacterium, Empdobacter,



Aurebacterium, Sphinggobacterium, Staphylococcus, Azotobacter and Pseudomorfas.

- 6. The method of Claim 5, wherein the bacterial strain is Stenotrophomonas maltophilia.
  - 7. The method of Claim 6, wherein said bacterial strain is assigned ATCC 202105.
- 8. The method of Claim 1, wherein R<sub>0</sub> represents a terminally methyl-branched isounsaturated fatty group, and the terminally methyl-branched isounsaturated fatty acid, salt or derivative thereof, is obtained by chemical synthesis.
- 9. The method of Claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteisounsaturated fatty acid, salt or derivative thereof, is obtained by extraction from natural materials.
- 10. The method of Claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteisounsaturated fatty acid is 15-methylhexadecenoic acid (iso 17:1 ω9c).
  - 11. (Deleted)
- 12. The method of Claim 1, wherein the cancer treated is selected from the group consisting of leukemia, tongue cancer, colorectal cancer, breast cancer, prostate cancer, lung

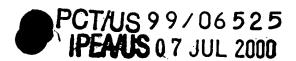
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cancer, gastric cancer, hepatocarcinoma, melanocarcinoma, renal cancer, esophagus cancer, pancreas cancer and skin cancers.

- 13. The method of Claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteisounsaturated fatty acid, salt or derivative thereof, is administered as part of a fermentation product also containing a nutritive medium.
- 14. The method of Claim 13, wherein the nutritive medium comprises a soybean medium.
  - 15. The method of Claim 14, wherein the soybean medium has the following formula:

Soybean	5-10 %
or soybean milk or bean cake (by soybean wt.)	5-15 %
Yeast extract	0.02-0.5 %
or yeast powder	0.02-0.5 %
CaCO <sub>3</sub>	0.05-0.25 %
K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	0.02-0.10 %
MgSO <sub>4</sub>	0.01-0.05 %
NaCl /	0.01-0.04 %
Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	5.0-30ppm
ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	2.5-15ppm
CoCl <sub>2</sub>	5.0-20ppm.

- 16. The method of Claim 15, wherein the fermentation product is obtained from a culture of Stenotrophomonas maltophilia assigned ATCC 202105.
- 17. The method of Claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteisounsaturated fatty acid, salt or derivative thereof, is administered in the form of liquid, powder,



capsule, tablet, injection, or encapsulated liposome, or topically applied in the form of a cream, ointment, or lotion.

- 18. The method of Claim 1, wherein the terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteisounsaturated fatty acid is administered in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof.
- 19. A method of enhancing the treatment of cancer patients undergoing chemotherapy or radiotherapy comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula  $R_0$ COOH, wherein  $R_0$  represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.
- 20. The method of Claim 19, wherein the patient is undergoing chemotherapy and at least one of the following symptoms is treated: alleviation of the low leukocyte count and the hemoglobin concentration which is decreased after treatment, and protection of the hepatic and the renal functions.
- 21. The method of Claim 19, wherein the patient is undergoing radiotherapy, and at least one of the following symptoms is treated: amelioration of the deficiency syndrome and increase of the serum IgG level,
- 22. A method of treating a skin disease comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula R<sub>0</sub>COOH, wherein R<sub>0</sub> represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.
  - 23. A method of making a terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid,

hemoglobin concentration which is decreased after treatment, and protection of the hepatic and the renal functions.

- 21. The method of Claim 19, wherein the patient is undergoing radiotherapy, and at least one of the following symptoms is treated: amelioration of the deficiency syndrome and increase of the serum IgG level.
- 22. A method of treating a skin disease comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula  $R_0$ COOH, wherein  $R_0$  represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.
- 23. A method of making a terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a mixture of said fatty acids, which comprises culturing a bacteria strain containing said fatty acid(s) to form a fermentation solution containing said fatty acid(s), and then isolating said fatty acid(s), from the fermentation solution.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the culture medium comprises a soybean medium.
  - 25. The method of Claim 23, wherein the soybean medium has the following formula:

Soybean	5-10 %
or soybean milk or bean cake (by soybean wt.)	5-15 %
Yeast extract	0.02-0.5 %
or yeast powder	0.02-0.5 %
CaCO <sub>3</sub> /	0.05-0.25 %
K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	0.02-0.10 %
MgSO₄	0.01-0.05 %
NaCl	0.01-0.04 %
Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	5.0-30ppm
ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	2.5-15ppm
CoCl <sub>2</sub>	5.0-20ppm.



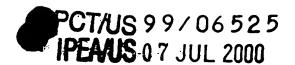
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- The method of Claim 23, wherein the bacteria strain is from a genus selected from the group consisting of Stenotrophomonas, Xanthomonas, Flavobacterium, Caprocytophaga, Altermonas, Cytophage, Bacillus, Chryseobacterium, Empdobacter, Aurebacterium, Sphinggobacterium, Staphylococcus, Azotobacter and Pseudomonas.
- The method of Claim 26, wherein the bacterial strain is Stenotrophomonas maltophilia.
  - 28. The method of Claim 27, wherein said bacterial strain is assigned ATCC 202105.
- 29. A method of making a fermentation solution containing at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, which comprises culturing a pacteria strain containing said fatty acid in a nutritive medium to form a fermentation solution containing said fatty acid.
- 30. The method of Claim 29, wherein the nutritive medium comprising a soybean medium.
  - 31. The method of Claim 30, wherein the soybean medium has the following formula:

Soybean	5-10 %
or soybean milk or bean cake (by soybean wt.)	5-15 %
Yeast extract	0.02-0.5 %
or yeast powder	0.02-0.5 %
CaCO <sub>3</sub>	0.05-0.25 %
K₂HPO₄	0.02-0.10 %
MgSO <sub>4</sub>	0.01-0.05 %
NaCl /	0.01-0.04 %
Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	5.0-30ppm
ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	2.5-15ppm
CoC1 <sub>2</sub>	5.0-20ppm.

32. The method of Claim 29, wherein the bacteria strain is from a genus selected from

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Aurebacterium, Sphinggobacterium, Staphylococcus, Azotobacter and Pseudomonas.

- 33. The method of Claim 32, wherein the bacterial strain is Stenotrophomonas maltophilia.
  - 34. The method of Claim 33, wherein said bacterial strain is assigned ATCC 202105.
  - 35. A product made by the method of Claim 29.
  - 36. A product made by the method of Claim 30.
  - 37. A product made by the method of Claim/31.
  - 38. A product made by the method of Claim 32.
  - 39. A product made by the method of Claim 33.
  - 40. A product made by the method of Claim 34.
- 41. A composition comprising an effective amount for preventing cancer, or treating skin disease, or providing an antiaging effect, or providing immune boosting, of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein the fatty acid has the formula  $R_0$ COOH, wherein  $R_0$  represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.
- 42. The composition of Claim 41, wherein the composition is in the form of a liquid, powder, capsule, tablet, injection, or encapsulated with liposome, or topically applied

in the form of a cream, ointment, or lotion.

- 43. (Deleted)
- 44. (Deleted)
- 45. (Deleted)
- 46. The method of Claim 1, wherein the effective amount is an amount effective to induce apoptosis of cancer cells.
- 47. A method of immune boosting comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of at least terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula  $R_0$ COOH, wherein  $R_0$  represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.
  - 48. A method of prolonging aging comprising administering to a subject in need



thereof an antiaging effective amount of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula  $R_0$ COOH, wherein  $R_0$  represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.

- 49. A method of preventing cancer comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of at least one terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, wherein the fatty acid has the formula  $R_0$ COOH, wherein  $R_0$  represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group.
  - 50. The method of Claim 49, where the cancer is skin cancer or mammary cancer.
  - 51. (Deleted)
- 52. A terminally methyl-branched iso- or anteiso-fatty acid derivative, wherein the fatty acid has the formula R<sub>0</sub>COOH, wherein R<sub>0</sub> represents a terminally methyl-branched iso or anteiso fatty group, and wherein said fatty acid derivative has anticancer activity, selected from the following compounds:
  - (1) R<sub>0</sub>CO-A, wherein A represents one of the following groups: